DELHI SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT

(DELHI TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY)



TERM PROJECT

Submitted By

Pankaj Verma - 2K21/EMBA/30

Subject – Term Project

4th Sem. MBA (Executive)

APPLICATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE MODELS IN THE INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

Declaration

I hereby declare that the work presented in the report entitled "Application of Artificial Intelligence Models In the Investment Portfolio" submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirement for award of the Degree of Master of Business Administration, Delhi School Of Management, is an authentic record of my own work carried out under the supervision of Mr Mohit Beniwal ,Assistant Professor, Delhi School of Management, Delhi Technological University(DTU).

Beniwal , Assistant Professor, Delhi School of Technological University(DTU).	•
Date: Place: Delhi	
	Lt Col Pankaj Verma 2K21/EMBA/30 Delhi School of Management Delhi Technological University
CERTIFICATE	
This is to certify that the above statement made by the of my knowledge.	e candidate is correct to the best
Date:	(Name of Supervisor) Designation & Affiliation

Acknowledgement

Successful Completion of any project work cannot be done without proper guidance and encouragement of many people, this acknowledgment transcends the reality. Hence, we express our deep sense of gratitude to all those who have directly or indirectly helped in completion of this seminar report.

I am deeply indebted to my supervisor **Mr Mohit Beniwal**, Assistant Professor, Delhi School of Management, Delhi Technological University(DTU) for his valuable guidance, constant encouragement throughout the course of project work. I am fortunate to be associated with such an amazing and helping guide who helped in every possible way at all stages of the seminar.

Finally, I am obligated to my parents for their love, care, encouragement, my Wife and children without whose support, this work would not have been possible.

INDEX

S.NO	PARTICULARS	PAGE NO.
1	INTRODUCTION	5 - 5
2	PROJECT REVIEW	6 - 6
3	TECHNICAL ANALYSIS	7 – 37
4	FUNDAMENTAL ANALYSIS	37 - 39
5	PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS	39 - 41
6	APPLICATION OF AI MODEL	41 - 43
7	CONCLUSION	44 – 44
8	REFERENCES	44 - 44

APPLICATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE MODELS IN THE INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

1. **INTRODUCTION**

Artificial intelligence and Big Data Analytics are the most sorted out fields in the world today and its application in virtually every field is gaining momentum due to the fact that it makes the life analytically easier and enhances decision making capability through analytics that can fetch rich dividends.

The entire world today has realized the fact that fruitful utilization and analysis of data existing and available can help innovate in varied dimensions and fields. One of the most important vertical of Artificial Intelligence incorporates Big Data Analytics that can be effectively utilized in the investment domain for reaping the fruits of higher returns. A large research is being carried out in this field however its application in certain other fields such as the defence forces has still not yet been explored. India is on the verge of becoming a major manufacturing hub after China and hence has opened up a wide horizon and a large perspective of becoming a trillion-dollar economy. A large number of FII and DII are investing into the Indian markets seeing its capability and its lucrative returns that can be fetched by rigorous analysis

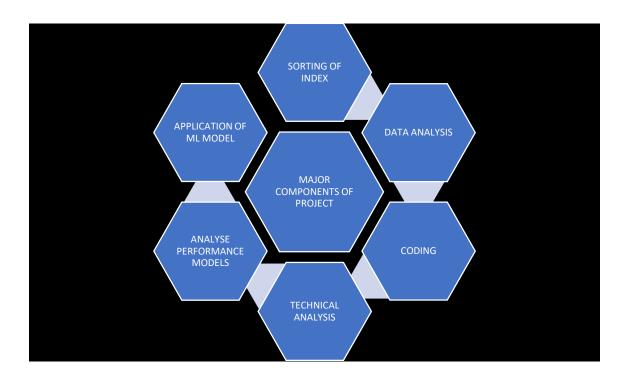
2. MAJOR COMPONENTS OF THE PROJECT

Investment Portfolio forms the most sorted out field in the todays world and a large scope still persists in uncovering the facets of trading that can help maximize the profits of the investors and traders. Algo based trading is gaining momentum in the present era and has amicably utilized the machine learning and Artificial Intelligence in deriving the results forecasting the index.

The major components of the project includes the following:

- (a) Sorting out the Index to be Analysed
- (b) Analysing the Two years Data of the Securities
- (c) Sorting out the Securities to be analysed
- (d) Code the application

- (e) Conduct Technical Analysis and Fundamental Analysis
- (f) Analyse Performance Parameters
- (g) Application of a suitable Al Model



- 3. <u>Project Review</u> Certain important aspects that need to be considered while analysing and implementing the projects are appended below:-
 - (a) Segregating the Index where AI/ML model can be applied
 - (b) Collection/Retrieving of Data
 - (c) Pre processing of Data
 - (d) Conduct of Data Analysis
 - (e) Coding the parameters
 - (f) Conduct technical analysis including MACD
 - (g) Conduct Fundamental Analysis including Standard Deviation
 - (h) Conduct Performance analysis including Monthly Returns, Sharpe Ratio

- (i) Application of a suitable AI/ML model
- 4. Segregating The Index A large number of Indices are available in India that includes NIFTY 50, NIFTY 100, BANK NIFTY and also in the USA unlike NASDEQ etc where Al/ML models can be applied in order to train, validate and test the data of the securities of the Index which has been selected. The data can be easily accessed through yahoo finance website.

5. **Methodology**

- (a) Conduct the technical analysis of the securities of NASDEQ 100 and based on technical analysis, select the securities which are indicating an upward trend as per MACD. The securities must give the indication of the Bullish market trend.
- (b) Based on the technical analysis using MACD, ten securities were selected for which the fundamental analysis would be conducted.
- (c) Post the completion of the technical analysis, the fundamental analysis of the securities would be conducted and out of them, ten securities with least Standard Deviation would be selected.
- (d) Now the comparison of technical analysis and the fundamental analysis would result in the selection of the best six stocks.
- (e) Further the fundamental analysis considering the following would also be conducted:
 - (i) PE Ratio
 - (ii) ROE
 - (iii) Debt to Equity Ratio
- (f) Application of AI model that is LSTM for training and testing purposes
- 6. Analysing the two years data of NASDEQ 100 The NASDEQ 100 Index of the USA has been selected for analysing the data. The NASDEQ 100 comprises of some major share holders in the world market that includes Amazon, Google, E bay, Net Flix etc. The analysis of the securities has been done by coding in R Language. The codes along with the analysed chart is listed below:

7. Coding and conduct of Technical Analysis of Securities:

(a) APPLE (AAPL)

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of APPLE INC

aapl <- getSymbols.yahoo("AAPL", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

aaplclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("AAPL", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdaapl <- MACD(aaplclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)

The technical analysis chart is pasted below



(b) AEP

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY INC

aep <- getSymbols.yahoo("AEP", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

aepclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("AEP", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdaapl <- MACD(aepclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



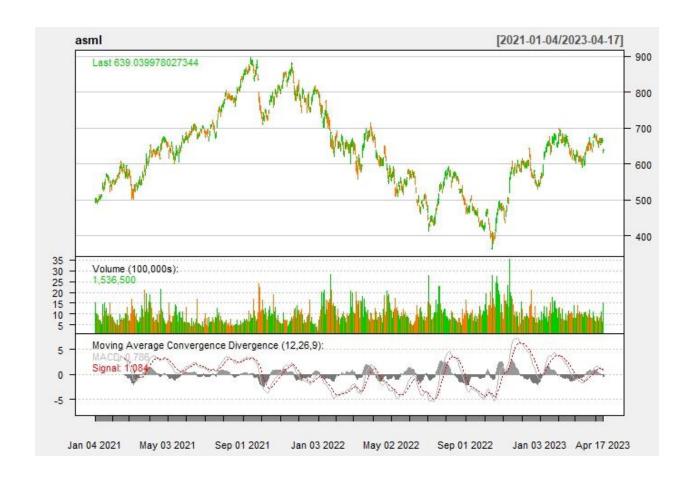
(c) ASML HOLDINGS

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of ASML HOLDING NV

```
asml <- getSymbols.yahoo("ASML", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)
```

asmlclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("ASML", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdasml <- MACD(asmlclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(d) **ASTRAZENECA**

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of ASTRAZENECA PLC

```
azn <- getSymbols.yahoo("AZN", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)
```

aznclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("AZN", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdazn <- MACD(aznclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(e) **ADP**

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of ADP

adp <- getSymbols.yahoo("ADP", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

adpclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("ADP", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdadp <- MACD(adpclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



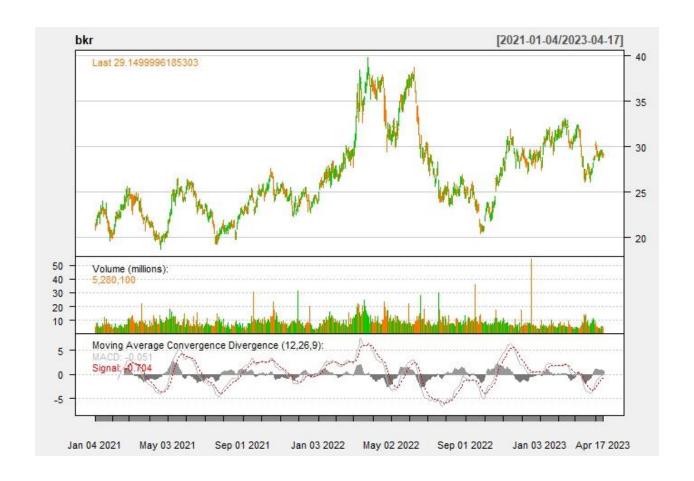
(f) BAKER HUGES COMPANY

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of BAKER HUGHES COMPANY

 $bkr \leftarrow getSymbols.yahoo("BKR", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)$

bkrclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("BKR", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdbkr <- MACD(bkrclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(g) **BIOGEN INC**

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of BIOGEN INC

biib <- getSymbols.yahoo("BIIB", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

biibclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("BIIB", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdbiib <- MACD(biibclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(h) **BIOMARIN PHARMECEUTICAL**

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of BIOMARIN PHARMACEUTICAL

bmrn <- getSymbols.yahoo("BMRN", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

bmrnclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("BMRN", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdbmrn <- MACD(bmrnclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



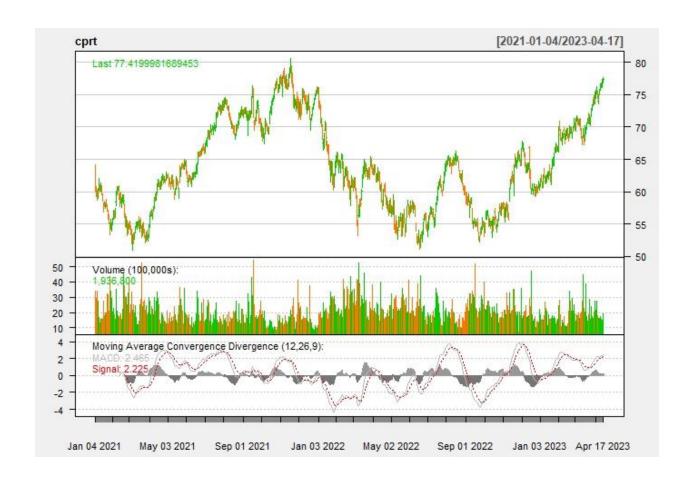
(i) COPART INC

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of COPART INC

cprt <- getSymbols.yahoo("CPRT", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

cprtclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("CPRT", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdcprt <- MACD(cprtclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



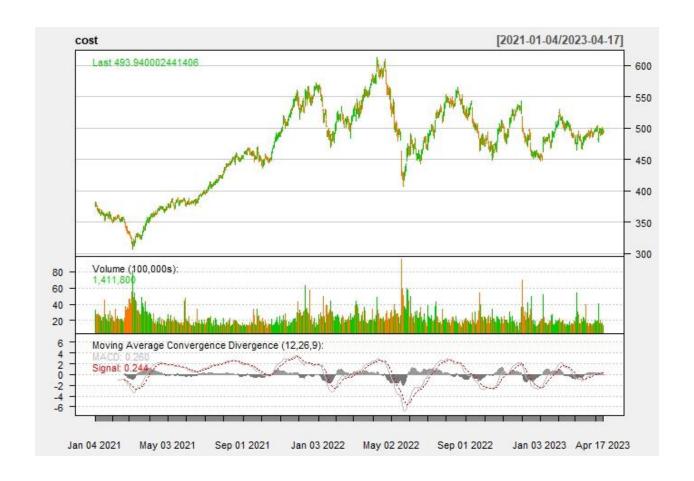
(j) COSTAR GROUP

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of COSTAR GROUP INC

csgp <- getSymbols.yahoo("CSGP", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

csgpclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("CSGP", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdcsgp <- MACD(csgpclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(k) <u>CINATAS CORP</u>

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of CINATAS CORP

ctas <- getSymbols.yahoo("CTAS", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

ctasclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("CTAS", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdctas <- MACD(ctasclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



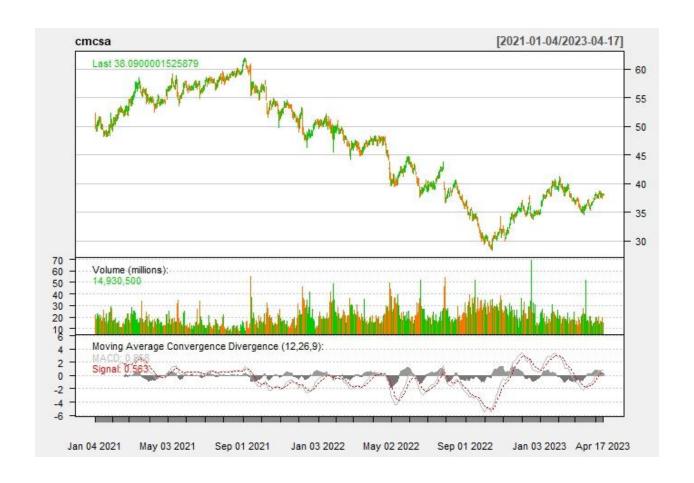
(I) COMCAST CORPORATION

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of COMCAST CORP

cmcsa <- getSymbols.yahoo("CMCSA", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

cmcsaclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("CMCSA", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdcmcsa <- MACD(cmcsaclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



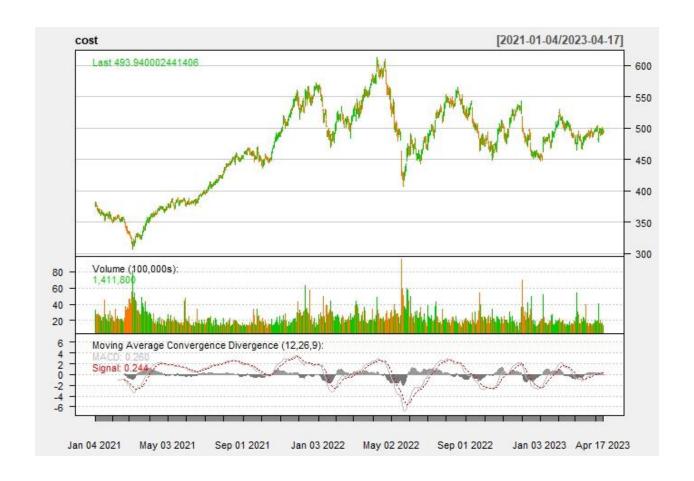
(m) COSTCO WHOLESALE

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of COSTCO WHOLESALE

cost <- getSymbols.yahoo("COST", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

costclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("COST", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdcost <- MACD(costclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(n) CSX CORP

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of CSX CORP

 $csx \leftarrow getSymbols.yahoo("CSX", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)$

csxclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("CSX", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdcsx <- MACD(csxclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(o) **DIAMONDBACK ENERGY**

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of DIAMONDBACK ENERGY INC

fang <- getSymbols.yahoo("FANG", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

fangclose \leftarrow getSymbols.yahoo("FANG", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdfang <- MACD(fangclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



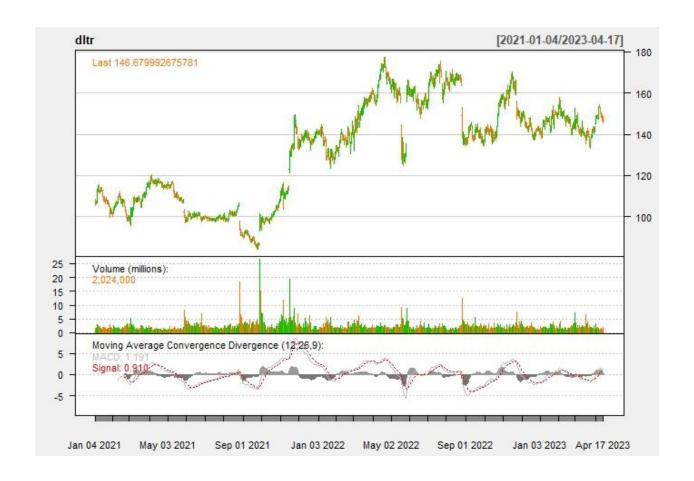
(p) **DOLLAR TREE**

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of DOLLAR TREE

dtr <- getSymbols.yahoo("DLTR", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

dltrclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("DLTR", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macddltr <- MACD(dltrclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(q) **ELECTRONIC ARTS**

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of ELECTRONIC ARTS

ea <- getSymbols.yahoo("EA", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F) eaclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("EA", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdea <- MACD(eaclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(r) **EBAY**

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of EBAY

ebay <- getSymbols.yahoo("EBAY", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

ebayclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("EBAY", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdebay <- MACD(ebayclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(s) HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of honeywell international

hon \leftarrow getSymbols.yahoo("HON", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

honclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("HON", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdhon <- MACD(honclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(t) KHC

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of KHC

khc <- getSymbols.yahoo("KHC", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

khcclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("KHC", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdkhc <- MACD(khclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)

(u) MARRIOT INC

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of MARRIOT INC

mar <- getSymbols.yahoo("MAR", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

marclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("MAR", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdmar <- MACD(marclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)

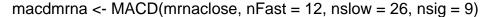


(v) MODERNA INC

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of MODERNA INC

mrna <- getSymbols.yahoo("MRNA", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

mrnaclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("MRNA", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]





(w) MICRON TECHNOLOGIES

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of MICRON TECH

 $mu \leftarrow getSymbols.yahoo("MU", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)$

muclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("MU", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdmu <- MACD(muclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(x) ROSS STORES

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of ROSS STORES

rost <- getSymbols.yahoo("ROST", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

rostclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("ROST", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdrost <- MACD(rostclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(y) XCEL ENERGY INC

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of XCEL ENERGY INC

xel <- getSymbols.yahoo("XEL", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

xelclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("XEL", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdxel <- MACD(xelclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(z) **NETFLIX INC**

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of NETFLIX INC

nflx <- getSymbols.yahoo("NFLX", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

nflxclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("NFLX", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdnflx <- MACD(nflxclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



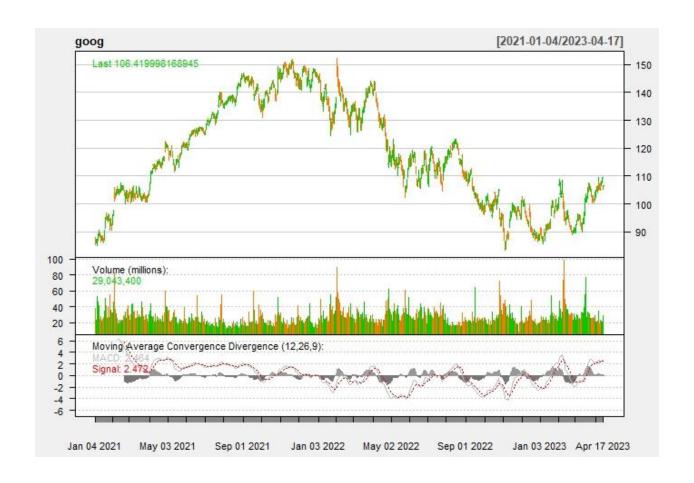
(aa) ALPHABET C

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of ALPHABET C

goog <- getSymbols.yahoo("GOOG", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

googclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("GOOG", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdgoog <- MACD(googclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



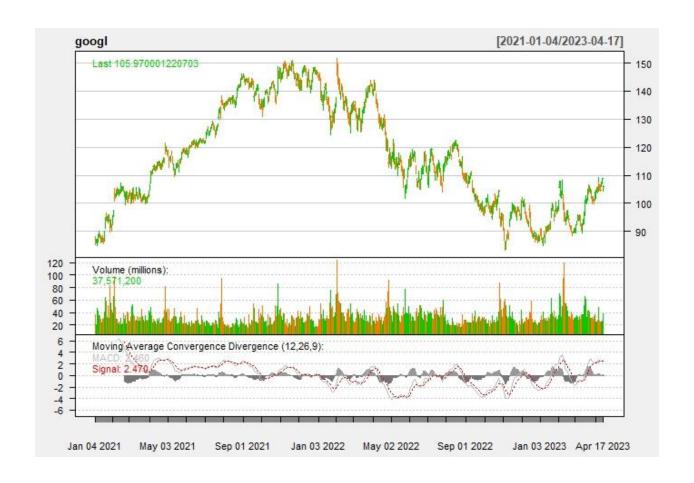
(ab) ALPHABET A

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of ALPHABET A

googl <- getSymbols.yahoo("GOOGL", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

googlclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("GOOGL", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdgoogl <- MACD(googlclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(ac) AMAZON INC

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of AMAZON

amzn <- getSymbols.yahoo("AMZN", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)

amznclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("AMZN", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdamzn <- MACD(amznclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



(ad) MICROSOFT INC

We would conduct technical MACD analysis of MICTOSOFT

 $msft \leftarrow getSymbols.yahoo("MSFT", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=F)$

msftclose <- getSymbols.yahoo("MSFT", from = "2021-1-1", to = "2023-4-18", auto.assign=FALSE)[,4]

macdmsft <- MACD(msftclose, nFast = 12, nslow = 26, nsig = 9)



- 8. Based on the Technical analysis considering the MACD as depicted above , ten stocks have been finalized that would be used for conducting the fundamental analysis using Standard Deviation method. The stocks are as listed below :
 - (a) Astrazeneca
 - (b) Biogen Inc
 - (c) Diamondback Energy
 - (d) Electronic Arts
 - (e) E Bay
 - (f) Moderna Inc
 - (f) Marriot Inc
 - (g) Baker Huges Company
 - (h) XCEL Energy Inc

(i) Honeywell International

9. <u>Conduct of Fundamental Analysis</u> – The Fundamental analysis of the stocks have been done by doing the taking out the standard deviation of the securities for a period of two years. The code for the same is appended below:

sd(aapl\$AAPL.Adjusted) sd(adp\$ADP.Adjusted) sd(aep\$AEP.Adjusted) sd(amgn\$AMGN.Adjusted) sd(asml\$ASML.Adjusted) sd(azn\$AZN.Adjusted) sd(biib\$BIIB.Adjusted) sd(bkr\$BKR.Adjusted) sd(bmrn\$BMRN.Adjusted) sd(cmcsa\$CMCSA.Adjusted) sd(cost\$COST.Adjusted) sd(cpi\$CPI.Adjusted) sd(csx\$CSX.Adjusted) sd(ctas\$CTAS.Adjusted) sd(dltr\$DLTR.Adjusted) sd(ea\$EA.Adjusted) sd(ebay\$EBAY.Adjusted) sd(fang\$FANG.Adjusted) sd(goog\$GOOG.Adjusted) sd(googl\$GOOGL.Adjusted)

sd(hon\$HON.Adjusted)

```
sd(khc$KHC.Adjusted)
sd(mar$MAR.Adjusted)
sd(mrna$MRNA.Adjusted)
sd(nflx$NFLX.Adjusted)
sd(rost$ROST.Adjusted)
sd(xel$XEL.Adjusted)
10.
       The results of the Standard Deviations are listed below:
sd(aapl$AAPL.Adjusted)
[1] 15.09056
> sd(adp$ADP.Adjusted)
[1] 24.35709
> sd(aep$AEP.Adjusted)
[1] 7.709606
> sd(amgn$AMGN.Adjusted)
[1] NA
> sd(asml$ASML.Adjusted)
[1] 108.6529
> sd(azn$AZN.Adjusted)
[1] 6.702033
> sd(biib$BIIB.Adjusted)
[1] 45.4134
  sd(bkr$BKR.Adjusted)
[1] 4.60317
  sd(bmrn$BMRN.Adjusted)
[1] 9.612395
> sd(cmcsa$CMCSA.Adjusted)
[1] 7.986875
> sd(cost$COST.Adjusted)
[1] 67.41962
> sd(cpi$CPI.Adjusted)
[1] NA
> sd(csx$CSX.Adjusted)
[1] 2.348779
> sd(ctas$CTAS.Adjusted)
[1] 38.70636
> sd(dltr$DLTR.Adjusted)
[1] 24.04647
> sd(ea$EA.Adjusted)
[1] 8.838654
> sd(ebay$EBAY.Adjusted)
[1] 10.75033
  sd(fang$FANG.Adjusted)
[1] 29.21803
 sd(goog$GOOG.Adjusted)
[1] 18.5135
> sd(goog1$GOOGL.Adjusted)
[1] 18.39421
> sd(hon$HON.Adjusted)
[1] 14.72625
> sd(khc$KHC.Adjusted)
[1] 2.764323
```

> sd(mar\$MAR.Adjusted)

```
[1] 13.85948
> sd(mrna$MRNA.Adjusted)
[1] 81.3499
> sd(nflx$NFLX.Adjusted)
[1] 150.3317
> sd(rost$ROST.Adjusted)
[1] 14.62361
> sd(xel$XEL.Adjusted)
[1] 4.284547
```

11. So based on the above values of Standard deviations, six stocks have been selected whose values are the least amongst the all. The stocks are

```
("AZN", "EBAY", "EA", "BKR", "HON", "XEL")
```

12. <u>Conduct of Performance Analysis -</u> The performance analysis of the stocks has been done by writing the R code for calculating the Returns, Variance Co variance Matrix and also by calculating the Sharpe Ratio of the Portfolio. The code is appended below:

```
> portfolioReturns
                        EBAY
               AZN
                                   EΑ
                                             BKR
                                                       HON
2021-01-05 0.0035629514 0.0102912384 0.0129740727
                                      0.0114176863
                                                2.452560e-03 -0.0097472888
2021-01-06 0.0041419937 0.0228714678 -0.0319841780 0.0423330014 1.822886e-02 0.0221470704
2021-01-07 -0.0141426286 -0.0030063856 0.0288011868 0.0230144509 1.648950e-03 -0.0195605694
2021-01-11 -0.0058985300 -0.0100954340 -0.0045114859 0.0080106947 -7.951236e-03 -0.0206812738
2021-01-13 0.0117319575 -0.0058886835 -0.0195599113 -0.0017361508 -8.904637e-03 0.0253943308
2021-01-14 0.0080581729 -0.0078980189 0.0190700174 0.0308695254 7.680400e-03 -0.0223042719
2021-01-19 0.0239579186 0.0281487085 0.0174819617
                                      0.000000000 3.835477e-03 -0.0038485222
2021-01-20 -0.0062773068 -0.0142155384 0.0294846471 0.0008744447 6.384249e-03 0.0111265837
```

We further calculate the Sharpe Ratio of the portfolio and the code is appended below

library(PortfolioAnalytics)

library(PerformanceAnalytics)

install.packages("PortfolioAnalytics")

Load the packages needed

library(PerformanceAnalytics)

library(quantmod)

```
# Define the portfolio
tickers <- c("AZN", "EBAY", "EA", "BKR", "HON", "XEL")
We have already calculated the average return of the portfolio above and so we would
put that value in the calculations of the Sharpe Ratio.
# Calculate the standard deviation of the returns of the portfolio
standard_deviation_portfolio <- sd(portfolioReturns)
# Set the risk-free rate
risk_free_rate <- 0.02/252
# Calculate the Sharpe ratio
sharpe_ratio_portfolio
                                 (average_return_portfolio -
                                                                     risk_free_rate)
standard_deviation_portfolio
# Print the Sharpe ratio
sharpe_ratio_portfolio
16.
      The code for finding out the Variance Covariance Matrix is given below:
output matrix
cor_matrix <- cor(portfolioReturns)</pre>
                                                                                       40
```

```
cov_matrix <- cov(portfolioReturns)
write.csv(cov_matrix, "covmatrix.csv")</pre>
```

cor_matrix

cov_matrix

The output that has been derived is:

```
cor_matrix
                       EBAY
                                     EΑ
AZN 1.0000000 0.2047740 0.1922434 0.1159792 0.2534748 0.2958422
EBAY 0.2047740 1.0000000 0.2270167 0.2051834 0.4149210 0.2252814 EA 0.1922434 0.2270167 1.0000000 0.1169569 0.2352783 0.1734959 BKR 0.1159792 0.2051834 0.1169569 1.0000000 0.3169874 0.1236457
     0.2534748 0.4149210 0.2352783 0.3169874 1.0000000 0.3724797
HON
     0.2958422 0.2252814 0.1734959 0.1236457 0.3724797 1.0000000
XEL
> cov_matrix
                AZN
                              EBAY
                                                EΑ
                                                                             HON
XEL
     2.340978e-04 6.854058e-05 4.652647e-05 4.500118e-05 5.340565e-05 6.02282
AZN
8e-05
EBAY 6.854058e-05 4.785735e-04 7.855651e-05 1.138313e-04 1.249952e-04 6.55754
7e-05
      4.652647e-05 7.855651e-05 2.502075e-04 4.691601e-05 5.124904e-05 3.65158
2e-05
BKR 4.500118e-05 1.138313e-04 4.691601e-05 6.431175e-04 1.106983e-04 4.17220
HON 5.340565e-05 1.249952e-04 5.124904e-05 1.106983e-04 1.896302e-04 6.82492
7e-05
XEL 6.022828e-05 6.557547e-05 3.651582e-05 4.172208e-05 6.824927e-05 1.77044
8e-04
```

- 13. There are certain artificial intelligence models that can be applied in portfolio for predicting the prices of securities, predicting the monthly returns and calculate the risk on investment. Such models are as listed below:
 - (a) Linear Regression
 - (b) Logistic Regression
 - (c) Artificial Neural Networks (ANN)
 - (d) Convolution Neural Networks (CNN)
 - (e) Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN)
 - (f) Long Short Term Memory Networks(LSTM)

14. Code for application of LSTM model – The LSTM is basically a Recurrent Network which are capable of remembering the information for a very long period of time. Further the data analysis of the Index requires a large amount of past data to be fed to the model so that the LSTM model could work upon.

```
We would now split the data into train and test sets
train_size <- floor(0.7 * nrow(data))</pre>
train data model <- data[1:train size, ]
test_data_model <- data[(train_size + 1):nrow(data), ]</pre>
Define the model
model <- keras_model_sequential() %>%
 layer_lstm(units = 32, input_shape = c(1, ncol(data)), return_sequences = TRUE) %>%
 layer dropout(0.3) %>%
 layer lstm(units = 16) %>%
 layer_dropout(0.3) %>%
 layer_dense(units = 1)
Compile the model
model %>% compile(
 loss = function(y_true, y_pred) -K.mean(y_true*y_pred),
 optimizer = optimizer_adam(Ir = 0.001)
Define a custom callback to track the portfolio returns during training
portfolioReturns <- function() {</pre>
 portfolioReturns <- list()
```

```
function(epoch, logs) {
  portfolioReturns[[epoch+1]] <<- sum(test_data_model * logs$outputs)</pre>
 }
}
# Train the model with the custom callback
history <- model %>% fit(
 x = array(train_data, dim = c(nrow(train_data_model), 1, ncol(train_data_model))),
 y = array(train_data_model, dim = c(nrow(train_data_model), 1)),
 epochs = 20,
 batch_size = 32,
 validation_split = 0.3,
 callbacks = list(callback portfolioReturns)
 # Evaluate the model on test data
 test_returns <- sum(test_data_model * model %>% predict(array(test_data_model, dim
= c(nrow(test_data_model), 1, ncol(test_data_model)))))
 # Visualize the portfolio returns during training
 plot(0:length(portfolioReturns)-1, unlist(portfolioReturns), type = "I", xlab = "Epochs",
ylab = "Portfolio Returns")
```

(14) **Training and Validation** – The Training and Validation phase forms a very important part of the project and must be conducted thoroughly with a robust Machine Learning Model so that a good AI model is build. A ratio of 70: 30 has been taken as the test and train data during the course of this project.

(15) <u>CONCLUSION</u> - The portfolio analysis has been the topic of the past as well as is a hot topic in the present era. Due to the advent of technology, Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning the algo trading is gaining momentum and is the future of trading.

An honest effort has been given to analyse the NASDEQ 100 Index and sort out the securities based on the fundamental and technical analysis and introduce a machine learning model in terms of LSTM that could be trained for portfolio analysis.

References:

- 1. Investments by Bodie, Kane, Marcus and Mohanty
- 2. Yahoo Finance Website for extracting data
- 3. Money Control Website for conducting Analysis
- 4. International Financial Management by Madura